



# **SIARAN MEDIA**

*Media Release*

## **INDEKS HARGA PENGGUNA**

*Consumer Price Index*

*(Jan 2015=100)*

**MAC 2021**

***March 2021***



**SIARAN MEDIA**  
**JABATAN PERANCANGAN EKONOMI DAN STATISTIK**  
**KEMENTERIAN KEWANGAN DAN EKONOMI**

**TAJUK UTAMA: INDEKS HARGA PENGGUNA (IHP) MENINGKAT SEBANYAK 1.8 PERATUS**  
**TAHUN-KE-TAHUN BAGI BULAN MAC 2021**

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1. IHP bagi bulan Mac 2021 meningkat sebanyak 1.8 peratus tahun-ke-tahun berbanding dengan bulan Mac 2020. Harga Makanan dan Minuman Ringan meningkat sebanyak 3.6 peratus. Manakala, harga Bukan Makanan meningkat sebanyak 1.4 peratus.
2. Peningkatan IHP adalah didorong oleh peningkatan harga dan kos Pengangkutan (5.9 peratus); Makanan dan Minuman Ringan (3.6 peratus); dan Perhubungan (2.6 peratus). Walaubagaimanapun, peningkatan ini diimbangi oleh penurunan harga dan kos Pakaian dan Kasut (3.0 peratus); Perhiasan, Peralatan Isi Rumah dan Penyelenggaraan Rutin Isi Rumah (0.8 peratus); dan Pelbagai Barangan dan Perkhidmatan (0.4 peratus).
3. Kenaikan bagi harga Pengangkutan sebahagian besarnya adalah disebabkan oleh kenaikan harga kenderaan bermotor diikuti oleh tiket penerbangan.
4. Peningkatan harga Makanan dan Minuman Ringan adalah didorong oleh kenaikan harga makanan seperti daging lembu dan kerbau; sayur-sayuran; dan buah-buahan. Kenaikan harga daging lembu dan kerbau adalah antarlainnya disebabkan oleh peningkatan permintaan domestik berikutan sekatan perjalanan keluar negara dan juga bekalan import yang terhad. Manakala, kenaikan harga sayur-sayuran adalah disebabkan oleh perubahan cuaca yang tidak menentu.
5. Seterusnya, kos Perhubungan meningkat adalah disebabkan oleh peningkatan peralatan telefon dan telefaks, khususnya telefon bimbit yang baru diperkenalkan di pasaran; dan perkhidmatan telefon dan telefaks, khususnya perubahan dalam harga pakej perkhidmatan perhubungan.
6. Bagi perubahan bulan-ke-bulan, IHP bagi bulan Mac 2021 meningkat sebanyak 0.3 peratus berbanding dengan bulan Februari 2021. Indeks Makanan dan Minuman Ringan menurun sebanyak 0.2 peratus. Manakala, Indeks Bukan Makanan meningkat 0.4 peratus.
7. IHP mengukur perubahan harga barangan dan perkhidmatan yang dibayar oleh pengguna dalam satu tempoh masa yang ditetapkan dan dikumpulkan setiap bulan. Senarai barangan dan perkhidmatan dalam IHP adalah berdasarkan maklumat perbelanjaan purata sebuah keluarga yang diperolehi melalui Kajian Perbelanjaan Keluarga. Laporan penuh IHP bagi bulan Mac 2021 boleh didapati melalui laman sesawang JPES: [www.deps.gov.bn](http://www.deps.gov.bn).

# INDEKS HARGA PENGGUNA (IHP) MAC 2021

IHP mengukur perubahan harga pada sebakul tetap barangan dan perkhidmatan yang dibeli oleh sebahagian besar isi rumah di Negara Brunei Darussalam.



# INDEKS HARGA PENGGUNA (IHP) MAC 2021

## PENYUMBANG UTAMA KEPADA PERUBAHAN TAHUNAN

1



Pengangkutan

▲ 5.9

Kenderaan bermotor

Tiket penerbangan

2



Makanan dan  
Minuman Ringan

▲ 3.6

Daging lembu dan kerbau

Sayur-sayuran

Buah-buahan

3



Perhubungan

▲ 2.6

Perkhidmatan telefon  
dan telefaks



**MEDIA RELEASE**  
**DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC PLANNING AND STATISTICS**  
**MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND ECONOMY**

**HEADLINE: CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI) INCREASED BY 1.8 PER CENT  
YEAR-ON-YEAR IN MARCH 2021**

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1. *The CPI in March 2021 increased by 1.8 per cent year-on-year compared to March 2020. Prices of Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages increased by 3.6 per cent. Meanwhile, Non-Food prices increased by 1.4 per cent.*
2. *The CPI increase was largely attributed to increases in the prices and costs of Transport (5.9 per cent); Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages (3.6 per cent); and Communication (2.6 per cent). However, this was moderated by the decrease in prices and costs of Clothing and Footwear (3.0 per cent); Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance (0.8 per cent); and Miscellaneous Goods and Services (0.4 per cent).*
3. *The increase in prices of Transport was largely attributed to the rise in prices of motor cars followed by flight tickets.*
4. *Rising prices of Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages was driven by the hike in food prices such as beef and buffalo meat; vegetables; and fruits. The increase in the price of beef and buffalo meat was due to, among others, increased domestic demand from travel restrictions and limited import supply. Meanwhile, the increase in the price of vegetables was due to uncertain weather conditions.*
5. *Furthermore, the rising cost of Communication was due to telephone and telefax equipment, specifically new handphones being introduced in the market; and telephone and telefax services, specifically changes in the prices of communication service packages.*
6. *On a month-on-month basis, the CPI in March 2021 increased by 0.3 per cent compared to February 2021. The Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages Index decreased by 0.2 per cent while the Non-Food Index increased by 0.4 per cent.*
7. *The CPI is a measure of price changes of goods and services paid by the consumer in a specified period and compiled on a monthly basis. The list of goods and services in the CPI is based on the average expenditure per household from the Household Expenditure Survey (HES). The CPI full report for March 2021 is available from DEPS' website: [www.deps.gov.bn](http://www.deps.gov.bn).*

# CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI) MARCH 2021

CPI measures the changes in prices of a fixed basket of goods and services purchased by the majority of household in Brunei Darussalam.



# CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI)

## MARCH 2021

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### MAIN CONTRIBUTORS TO YEAR-ON-YEAR CHANGES

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1



**Transport**  
▲ 5.9



Motor cars



Flight tickets

2



**Food and Non-  
Alcoholic Beverages**  
▲ 3.6



Beef and buffalo meat



Vegetables



Fruits

3



**Communication**  
▲ 2.6



Telephone and telefax  
services